



# Cabinet

**Date:** Tuesday, 28 February 2023  
**Time:** 10.00 am  
**Venue:** Council Chamber, County Hall, Dorchester, DT1 1XJ

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**Chief Executive:** Matt Prosser, County Hall, Dorchester, Dorset DT1 1XJ

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## A G E N D A

**Page No.**

**4 PUBLIC PARTICIPATION**

3 - 8

Representatives of town or parish councils and members of the public who live, work, or represent an organisation within the Dorset Council area are welcome to submit up to two questions or two statements for each meeting. Alternatively, you could submit one question and one statement for each meeting.

All submissions must be emailed in full to [kate.critchel@dorsetcouncil.gov.uk](mailto:kate.critchel@dorsetcouncil.gov.uk) by 8.30am on Thursday 23 February 2023.

When submitting your question(s) and/or statement(s) please note that:

- no more than three minutes will be allowed for any one question or statement to be asked/read
- a question may include a short pre-ambule to set the context and this will be included within the three-minute period
- please note that sub divided questions count towards your total of two

- when submitting a question please indicate who the question is for (e.g. the name of the committee or Portfolio Holder)
- Include your name, address and contact details. Only your name will be published but we may need your other details to contact you about your question or statement in advance of the meeting.
- questions and statements received in line with the council's rules for public participation will be published as a supplement to the agenda
- all questions, statements and responses will be published in full within the minutes of the meeting.

[Dorset Council Constitution](#) Procedure Rule 9

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## Public Statements for Cabinet – 23 January 2023

### Questions from Cllr Karen Tippins, East Ward Shaftesbury Town Council

#### Question 1 Cllr Karen Tippins, East Ward Shaftesbury Town Council

I have requested information from Dorset Council before regarding the s106 contributions that have been collected by Dorset Council (and historically by North Dorset District Council) designated for Shaftesbury. Sadly, I have received no updates on the s106 contributions now for years, this includes - how much has been collected, what s106 money earmarked by organisations, plus the outstanding values, and what has been spent to-date on what by which organisation. Previously, this information was made available to all Cllrs in Shaftesbury Town Council and Shaftesbury residents every quarter. Now there is nothing, no s106 communications received by Cllrs from Dorset Council and the public are very much in the dark as well on the status of on the s106 money, even though many houses have now been built in Shaftesbury and are now occupied. There has been virtually no promised infrastructure made planned, built and made available for the residents in Shaftesbury funded by Developers s106. Please can this be addressed by Dorset Council, please will you send this requested s106 contributions information directly to me? I do not want the data to be edited or changed by a third party.

#### Question 2 Cllr Karen Tippins, East Ward Shaftesbury Town Council

The government is considering draft road planning regulations that will put pedestrians and cyclists first. A draft version of Manual for Streets from the FFT states 'for residential streets a maximum design speed of 20 mph should normally be the objective...' A default speed limit of 20 mph would be introduced on new or redesigned urban and residential streets under planning guidelines. I cannot see that Dorset Council is implementing these changes either in their planning policies nor in the recent Cabinet protocols for 20mph.

The accepted DC protocol for road speed reduction issued recently by Dorset Council Cabinet appears to be expecting residents to justify reducing speeds down to 20 mph on some form of weighting system based on recorded fatalities or injuries or accidents; whereas, the government is not stating 'weighting' by fatalities or accidents etc, but stating prioritisation 20mph for all built up urban areas where the roads are mixed use - mixed use with pedestrians, cyclists and vehicles. The government regulations are promising to place pedestrians and cyclists as the priority for pushing through change from 30 mph down to 20 mph speed limits for built up areas.

Two Shaftesbury Town Council East Ward Cllrs, myself and Cllr Yeo are trying to obtain agreement with Shaftesbury Town Cllrs at STC to put forward a request to Dorset Council to reduce the road speed on Allen Road in East of Shaftesbury estate from 30 mph to 20 mph; Allen Road is a mixed use road with many small children living on the road. Personally, I don't believe we Cllrs should be blocked by Shaftesbury Town Council or Dorset Council protocol by putting this request directly

to Dorset Council and the assessment being made on 'mixed use' and not weighted by fatalities/injuries.

For example, I strongly believe the spine road, Allen Road or any new road on this estate should never have been adopted to be 30 mph, and without any information on the speed limits with adoption, I have to assume Allen Road is now 30mph. Please can Dorset Council re-think both its planning policy for new developments and its 20 mph policy Cabinet procedures to be more in line with the new push by government on introducing a blanket limit of 20 mph limit in built up/mixed use road developments? Can Dorset Council seriously consider implementing 20 mph through-out all the roads on the new estate East of Shaftesbury based on a revised imminent government regulation of placing pedestrians and cyclists as priority? And that all these roads are mixed use, with a high density of children living on the estate.

### **Question 3 from Graeme Neale**

I have a question regarding the Councils proposals to double the Council Tax on second homes. I am a second home owner as I own a small two bedded property in Swanage.

As way of background I first came to Swanage with my parents in 1969 when I was 8 (I am now 61) and in 1994 when my wife and I had our first child we took him to Swanage and have been back every year since.

6 Years ago my parents died and, due to some money they left me, this gave me the golden opportunity to purchase a property in Swanage, a place where I have always wanted to live.

Whilst I would quite happily move down to Swanage from Harrow permanently, it is, unfortunately, not an option. Although I am retired, I have an aging mother-in-law living near us in a care home and a brother who suffers with Asperger's syndrome living in local care facilities. I also now have a 24 year old daughter who still lives with us, as she cannot afford to move away from home, and needs to commute to London for her work.

Last year my family spent 118 days in our second home in Swanage. We come here as often as possible. Either myself and my wife or my children with their spouse/friends. We spend considerable money in local restaurants and shops. Last year I employed a Swanage builder to put in a new bathroom for me together with some new decking in the garden and extra work inside the house. I have employed other local plumbers and workmen. We belong to the Swanage Conservative Club and the British Legion. We support many of the festivals each year and the annual carnival, all boosting the local economy.

I understand from the proposals that 2<sup>nd</sup> home owners can be exempt from paying the additional council tax by transferring their properties to business rates as holiday lets, and evidencing that alongside having their property available for let for at least 20 weeks in a year, it must also have been actually let for at least 70 days.....but..... I spend way in excess of that time myself in my second home each year but there is no exemption for me.

So my question is; will the council make any provision for people who love this part of the country, spend considerable time and money here but for very good reasons cannot permanently move here, or are we to be penalised just for having a home where we would really love to live permanently but cannot.

#### Question 4 from Arthur Schaefer

With regards to the proposed increase in council tax on 'second homes' will there be any exemption from this surcharge, for retirement properties which are age restricted and warden controlled?

#### Statement

Cloverdale Court , Anning Road, Lyme Regis DT7 3ED consists of 44 retirement flats . Several are classed as second homes purchased for the eventual full time habitation by the owner of which my wife and I are one. There are strict requirements and conditions imposed on any tenant or buyer.

- \* Minimum age requirement is 55+ years
- \* No families with children
- \* The property cannot be used as a holiday let
- \* Our flat attracts a 'D' band council tax of £2240p/annum with no discount applied and in addition a service charge in excess of £4000 p/annum

The suggestion that:

- \* Second home owners, because of the limited time occupying these premises, make no contribution to the local community is false. We occupy our flat about 5 months in the year, mostly out of season. During that time we use almost every facility in the area in support of our local traders, during their quiet period, be it shops, restaurants, theatre etc. Our service charge contributes by securing employment for a local workforce responsible for the maintenance and upkeep of the building and surrounding gardens.
- \* That second home owner's place an extra burden on our emergency and local services is false. In fact the reverse would be true and the burden reduced due to the time period spent there. Carbon emissions at a local level would also be reduced
- \* That second home owners take, away the opportunity from locals, especially young first time buyers from purchasing local property, by forcing house price hikes is false. As the housing supply in Lyme Regis is desirable, limited and finite, the average market price is already high and will remain very high. Forcing us to sell our property would not reduce the price and future buyers are likely to come from outside the area.

The Levelling up and Regeneration Bill addresses in part an apparent housing crisis and will allow councils to consider applying a premium tax on second homes. It refers second homes as ' dwellings 'occupied periodically' but doesn't state what that period should be . Dorset council defines it as accommodation that is not deemed a main residence. Neither has considered whether exemptions should be applied in specific cases. Placing all second homes in the same category, without examining individual cases is wrong and unfair.

It is considered that Dorset council should exempt properties such as Cloverdale Court, which is a warden controlled retirement complex, age restricted with facilities geared towards the older generation.. Properties such as these are incapable of making any contribution to the local housing stock

## Question 5 from Dr Derek Tordoff

" My wife and I are both aged 75 and have had a second home in Pimperne since 2006. Each month we live in Surrey about 20 days and in Pimperne about 10 days. We have to be in Surrey to help look after our grandchildren during the week but love to escape to Pimperne at the weekends. We are not a drain on Dorset's council resources, eg we have no children at schools and we do not use Dorset adult social care facilities. We contribute to Pimperne village life, eg I have funded, built and continue to maintain a car park for use by the village and by church attendees. We do our shopping in Blandford and Wimborne, we support local restaurants, village and church activities etc.

If the proposal to charge the 100% additional council tax is adopted we will regrettably have to sell up as we would not be able to afford it in our retirement, thus driving us out of Dorset. It would change the lives and/or have significant financial consequences for many people.

Has the Council considered other options, eg to charge the extra 100% only on new build or newly purchased properties which are to be used as second homes? Has the Council done surveys of second home owners' intentions and also done a full impact assessment of the new additional costs of the proposal, eg for schools, social services, bin collections etc ?

I would estimate that, should the 100% proposal be adopted, then approximately one quarter of second property owners would each either (1) find ways around paying the tax (2) let their homes on airbnb etc and pay business rates instead (3) sell up and move away or (4) pay the extra tax. Hence little extra revenue would actually be generated (c £2.5m pa) and minimal extra housing released. This extra revenue would be at the expense of other potentially greater additional costs for the Council, plus also losing custom to local businesses and making Dorset an unwelcoming, incompassionate county for diverse populations and tourism.

I understand that the proposed Bill if passed would allow Councils to add an additional council tax of UP TO 100%. A smaller increase of, say 50%, would likely be more effective with most second homeowners endeavouring to afford it, rather than finding ways to avoid it. This would generate more revenue (c net £4m pa) for the Council (together with some housing released) compared to a likely c net £nil pa for the Council with a 100% increase. Perhaps this could be tried in the first instance. Less is often more.

We hope that the Council will be able to find a fair and reasonable solution which balances the worries about the future of long standing second homeowners with the needs for additional Council revenue and more housing."

### **Question 6 from Vicki Elcoate**

It's a year since the start of the war in Ukraine and it was soon afterwards that refugees started flooding out of the country and heading for the UK. We have many individuals and families in Dorset, staying as guests with residents here. We are hosting a mother and two young boys who left their home, husband/father and wider family last February, eventually arriving with us in May. Dorset Council has provided an excellent support service and funding to help us with their expenses and we appreciate the extra kindness that has been shown. However there is no certainty about the future of the hosting scheme beyond the first year. We have asked our MP, Chris Loder, for clarification about what financial support will be coming from the Government and whether there is a scheme for second placements, allowing guests to move onto other hosts who have volunteered. So far there has been no clarification. In our case the financial support has been invaluable, particularly over the winter months for energy bills. Our guests know that the offer is for one year and we do not want to add to their uncertainty. So please could Dorset Council tell us what financial and other support, or arrangements for second placements, will be provided for Ukrainian guests beyond their first year here.

### **Question 7 from Helen Sumler on behalf of Dorset Climate Action Network**

*CPRE have published a report about bus services in rural England, "Every village, every hour - A comprehensive bus network for rural England", link [here](#). Does Dorset Council support the CPRE Every Village, Every Hour vision?*

### **Question 8 from Sandra Reeve on behalf of Dorset Climate Action Network**

'The original Climate and Ecological Emergency Strategy was divided into 'Areas for Action' 'referencing, for example, Direct, Indirect (through services) and Influence & Partnership sections and these were backed up by detailed and target specific Action Plans. What has happened to these detailed Action Plans and their targets in relation to this new 2023-25 Refresh of the Natural Environment Climate and Ecology Strategy?'

### **Question 9 from Tracee Cossey**

Why does the new Climate and Ecological Emergency Strategy, now called the proposed 'Natural Environment Climate and Ecology Strategy (2023-2025 Refresh)' not account for longer-term planning beyond 2030 to reach the 2040 and 2050 climate action goals? Further, is there a second document?

### **Question 10 from Tracee Cossey**

Why has the word 'Emergency' been dropped from the title of the newly proposed refresh document?

## Statement from Andrew Foulds

I own a second home in Dorset and live here for around 16-18 weeks of the year, including in the winter months when holiday lets are empty. I love Dorset and have used my life savings to make a commitment to live in Dorset for a significant part of my time. I am happy to pay my council tax like everyone else (even though I make less use of council services) and spend money in the local economy (local shops, restaurants, tradespeople etc.) and make a contribution to the community. Family reasons mean that I cannot move here full time.

I firmly believe that the proposal to charge double council tax on second homes will have a number of unintended consequences:

- If this proposal goes through, I would expect (conservative estimate) that 25% of second homes would be sold, mostly to become holiday lets that would pay **no** council tax (small business rate exemption)
- A further 25% would convert to holiday let for part of the year or exploit other loopholes to avoid paying any council tax

The net effect would be :

- No increase (and potentially even a decrease) in council tax collected
- No significant reduction in property prices to make them more affordable
- No increase in the availability of affordable housing
- An oversupply of holiday let properties or properties that purport to be holiday let to avoid council tax
- An increase in holiday let visitors (**in peak season only**) who make little or no contribution to the local community and contain a small minority that misbehave
- No improvement (possibly worsening) in community life and vitality
- Loss of people like me who truly love Dorset and am happy to contribute to the community and to the local economy on a year-round basis

I am very sympathetic to the need for more affordable housing, but this proposal will do **nothing** to help with that. An increase in the availability of affordable housing will only be achieved by building more affordable new homes. The Council should be looking at policies and incentives to achieve that, rather than to fall victim to "the politics of envy" by increasing council tax for second homes.