

RESERVES STRATEGY

2025/26 to 2028/29

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1.0 Background

- 1.1 In January 2018 the Home Office issued guidance setting out the government's expectations around the information to be published by Police and Crime Commissioners (PCCs) on their financial reserves' strategies.
- 1.2 The reserves strategy supports the annual budget and medium term financial plan, as reported to the Police and Crime Panel in February each year.

2.0 Scope

- 2.1 PCCs can keep part of their funding in reserves to help manage financial risk and to fund major future costs such as change programmes aimed at improving services to the public.
- 2.2 Reserves are required to be classified as either Usable or Unusable. Usable reserves are those that can be used to support future service provision. Unusable reserves are not available to be used to support services; they include unrealised gains and losses which will only become available if for example assets are sold, and accounting timing differences which will be realised at a future date.
- 2.3 This Reserves Strategy sets out the PCC's approach to the management of Usable Reserves.

3.0 Guidance

- 3.1 Sections 32 and 43 of the Local Government Finance Act 1992 require precepting bodies to have regard to the level of resources needed to meet estimated future expenditure when calculating the annual budget requirement. This is further supported by the balanced budget requirement: England, sections 31A, 42A of the Local Government Finance Act 1992. Moreover, as part of the budget setting process, the Chief Financial Officer is required to comment on the adequacy of reserves. This relates to earmarked reserves as well as the General Balance and is a critical part in making the statutory Section 25 judgement on the robustness and sustainability of the PCC's budget proposals.
- 3.2 This strategy has regard to <u>LAAP Bulletin 99</u> 'Local Authority Reserves and Balances', issued in July 2014, and complies with the Home Office Guidance issued in January 2018, and the Revised Financial Management Code of Practice, issued in July 2018 by the Home Office.
- 3.3 Reserves are sums of money held to meet future expenditure. When reviewing the medium term financial plan and preparing the annual budget, PCCs should consider the establishment and maintenance of reserves.
- 3.4 Reserves can be held for three main purposes:
 - a working balance to help cushion the impact of uneven cash flows and avoid unnecessary temporary borrowing this forms part of general reserves
 - a contingency to cushion the impact of unexpected events or emergencies this also forms part of general reserves
 - a means of building up funds, often referred to as earmarked reserves, to meet known
 or predicted requirements; earmarked reserves are accounted for separately but
 remain legally part of the General Fund.

- 3.5 CIPFA recommends that for each earmarked reserve held there should be a clear protocol setting out:
 - the reason for / purpose of the reserve
 - how and when the reserve can be used
 - procedures for the reserve's management and control; and
 - a process and timescale for review of the reserve to ensure continuing relevance and adequacy.

4.0 Responsibilities

4.1 The respective responsibilities in relation to reserves are set out in the Financial Regulations (see Appendix A).

5.0 Reserves Strategy

5.1 The PCC's policy statement is set out in the table below.

Policy Statement

The PCC will not plan to hold significant reserves above those required by the Medium Term Financial Plan.

In considering earmarked reserves, the Chief Financial Officer will have regard to relevant matters in respect of each reserve and will advise the PCC accordingly.

The key principles to be adopted in setting reserves are:

General Balances

The PCC will seek to maintain a general reserve between 3% and 5% of Net Revenue Expenditure. This will be supported by an annual budget risk assessment which will also identify the need for any specific earmarked reserves.

Earmarked Reserves

The need for earmarked reserves will be assessed annually through the budget setting process, to confirm the continuing relevance and adequacy of each earmarked reserve in addition to identifying any new reserves that may be required.

This Strategy will be reviewed annually by the Office of the Police and Crime Commissioner (OPCC) Chief Financial Officer (Treasurer) and consulted on with the Force Chief Financial Officer and the Joint Leadership Board.

5.2 The following earmarked reserves balances are held:

Name of Earmarked Reserve	Purpose	Opening balance 1 April 2024 £'000s	Target level
Budget Management Fund	To allow for the transfer of carry forward requests to the following year	819	Nil by 2028
Workforce Change Reserve	To fund one-off and transitional costs of change programmes including the Strategic Alliance with Devon & Cornwall Police	643	£343,000 by 2025
Regional Collaboration Reserve	To hold funds related to past underspends and future planned spending for regional collaborations	34	£34,000 each year
Policing Education Qualifications Framework (PEQF) Reserve	To fund the costs of the PEQF	47	Nil by 2025
Office of the Police and Crime Commissioner Reserve	To fund additional projects and pilot schemes within the Office	417	£267,000 by 2029
Police and Crime Plan Reserve	To fund planned Police and Crime Plan developments	461	£461,000 each year
Violence Reduction Reserve	To fund projects to help reduce violence	770	Nil by 2029
Office of the Police and Crime Commissioner Legal Reserve	To fund future legal costs	250	£250,000 each year
Learning and Development Reserve	Used for the benefit of Dorset Police Officers and Staff for training and development purposes	46	£37,000 by 2025
Forensics Capability Network Reserve	To fund continuing projects of the Forensic Capability Network	267	Nil by 2025

5.3 Home Office Classifications

- 5.3.1The **Earmarked reserves** in the table above meet the Home Office classification: Funding for planned expenditure on projects and programmes over the period of the current medium term financial plan.
- 5.3.2 In addition **General Balances** are held: As a general contingency or resource to meet other expenditure needs held in accordance with sound principles of good financial management.
- 5.3.3 Funding for specific projects and programmes beyond the current planning period.

5.4 Total Usable Reserves

5.4.1The forecasts for Usable Reserves over the period of the Medium Term Financial Plan are set out below.

USABLE RESERVES						
	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29
Closing Balance as at:	31/03/2024	31/03/2025	31/03/2026	31/03/2027	31/03/2028	31/03/2029
	Actual	Forecast	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate
	£000's	£000's	£000's	£000's	£000's	£000's
Budget Management Fund	819	520	487	33	0	0
Strategic Change Reserve	0	324	324	0	0	0
Workforce Change Reserve	643	343	343	343	343	343
Insurance Reserve	0	0	200	300	400	500
Regional Collaboration Reserve	34	34	34	34	34	34
Policing Education Qualifications Framework (PEQF) Reserve	47	0	0	0	0	0
Office of the Police and Crime Commissioner Reserve	417	417	317	267	267	267
Police and Crime Plan Reserve	461	461	461	461	461	461
Violent Reduction Reserve	770	635	545	350	175	0
Office of the Police and Crime Commissioner Legal Reserve	250	250	250	250	250	250
Learning and Development Reserve	46	37	37	37	37	37
Forensics Capability Network Reserve	267	0	0	0	0	0
Total Earmarked Reserves	3,754	3,021	2,998	2,075	1,967	1,892
0 15 1						
General Fund Balance	5 770	5 <i>1</i> 70	5 7 70	6.072	G 272	6 670
Total Revenue	5,778	5,472	5,772	6,072	6,372	6,672
Reserves	9,532	8,493	8,770	8,147	8,339	8,564
Capital Receipts Reserve	3,617	2,670	2,670	2,670	2,670	2,670
Total Usable Reserves	13,149	11,163	11,440	10,817	11,009	11,234

5.4.2 The following table sets out the reserves as required by the Home Office strategy guidance.

	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29
Closing Balance as at:	31/03/2024	31/03/2025	31/03/2026	31/03/2027	31/03/2029	31/03/2029
	Actual	Forecast	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate
	£000's	£000's	£000's	£000's	£000's	£000's
Funding for projects and programmes over the period of the current MTFP	7,371	5,691	5,668	4,745	4,637	4,562
Funding for projects and programmes beyond the current MTFP	0	0	0	0	0	0
General Contingency	5,778	5,472	5,772	6,072	6,372	6,672
Total	13,149	11,163	11,440	10,817	11,009	11,234

FINANCIAL REGULATIONS [extract]

Maintenance of Reserves and Balances

- 3C.44 The PCC holds all reserves and balances.
- 3C.45 The Treasurer is responsible for creating a reserves strategy in consultation with the CFO.
- 3C.46 The Treasurer is responsible for advising the PCC about the level of reserves that the PCC holds and for ensuring there are clear protocols for their establishment and use. For each earmarked reserve held by the PCC there should be a clear protocol setting out:
 - a. The reason for/purpose of the reserve.
 - b. How and when the reserve can be used.
 - c. Procedures for the reserve's management and control.
 - d. A process and timescale for review of the reserve to ensure continuing relevance and adequacy.
- 3C.47 The Treasurer and the CFO will keep any legal or constructive obligations (liabilities) under review throughout the year. Any changes to the provisions or reserves required in relation to such liabilities will be reflected in the regular budget monitoring reports to the Resource Control Board.
- 3C.48 In addition to the regular review outlined above the Director of Legal, Reputation and Risk will report formally to the appropriate governance board on the level of the outstanding liabilities and potential liabilities of the PCC and the Chief Constable as at 30 September and 31 March of any given financial year.
- 3C.49 The Treasurer and CFO have a duty to report on the robustness of estimates and the adequacy of reserves and provisions when the PCC is considering the budget. In particular the Treasurer must assess the adequacy of unallocated general reserves taking into account the strategic, operational and financial risks facing the PCC. In coming to this view the Treasurer must seek the advice of the CFO and of the Chief Constable on major policing risks facing the Force.
- 3C.50 The PCC shall approve the creation of reserves and appropriations to and from general balances and reserves. To enable the PCC to reach their decision the Treasurer shall report the factors that influenced their judgement, and ensure the advice given is recorded formally.